



Appalachian Native Botanical Sanctuary Certification Application

DATE RECEIVED: _____

APPLICATION NO.: _____

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

CITY: _____

COUNTY: Fannin _____ Union _____ Towns _____ Cherokee _____ Clay _____ **(unfortunately a program limitation)**

STATE: _____ ZIP CODE: _____

TELEPHONE: (home) _____ (cell) _____

E-MAIL ADDRESS: _____

To qualify as an Appalachian Native Botanical Sanctuary a significant portion of the property should be maintained in its natural state.

TERRAIN:

Total property size: _____

Approximate percentage of that area dedicated to Appalachian native plants: _____

Check those terrain features which apply:

Level ground Gentle slopes Steep slopes Primarily open/sunny

Primarily mixed Primarily wooded

NATIVE PLANTS:

A native landscape must have representation in 6 of the 11 plant categories for certification.

All plants listed must be native to Appalachia. Please include botanical names in addition to common names if possible.

1. Canopy trees: _____

2. Understory trees (less than 40 feet): _____

3. Shrubs: _____

4. Ferns: _____

5. Woodland flowers (shade)

a. Spring blooming: _____

b. Summer blooming: _____

c. Fall blooming: _____

6. Garden or meadow flowers (sun)

a. Spring blooming: _____

b. Summer blooming: _____

c. Fall blooming: _____

7. Native grasses: _____

8. Vines (herbaceous or woody): _____

9. Ground covers: _____

10. Mosses / lichens: _____

11. Water / bog plants: _____

CONSERVATION PRACTICES:

Applicant must practice at least 5 of the following 11 conservation practices for certification. Please check those that apply.

1. Removal of invasive pest plants 2. Composting 3. Mulching 4. Avoiding chemical use
5. Using soaker hoses 6. Controlling pests naturally by encouraging beneficial insects

- 7. Capturing/utilizing rainwater
- 8. Minimizing or eliminating lawn areas
- 9. Allowing leaves to remain where they fall, or shredding as mulch
- 10. Reducing the use of fossil-fueled maintenance equipment, e.g. lawn mowers, weed-eaters, etc.
- 11. Leaving snags, log piles, and standing deadwood

SPECIAL FEATURES: Check if applicable to your landscape

- Moss garden
- Native grass lawn
- Pond / lake
- Rock garden
- Rock retaining walls
- Rock outcroppings
- Sitting / viewing areas
- Stream / creek
- Garden paths
- Wildflower meadow
- Arbors
- Rain garden

Please forward the completed application and any representative photo(s) to:

Attention: Clare Johnston
Preservation Committee
Georgia Mountain Research and Education Center
195 Georgia Mountain Experiment Station Road
Blairsville, GA 30512
Telephone: 706-745-2655
E-mail address: clarejo@uga.edu

This information will be maintained in the files of the Preservation Committee of the Georgia Mountain Research and Education Center and will not be distributed without your permission.